1. HEALTH



9/11 • abortion • advertising • alcohol abuse • armed forces • asbestos • bonuses • BRICS • CIA • cloning • CO₂ • computers • consumer society • couch potatoes • creationism exception • dating • DEA • AIDS • credit bubble • cultural death penalty • deforestation • dictatorship • digital piracy • diplomacy • domestic violence • drought • drug trafficking • endangered species • English-speaking world • euthanasia • fanaticism • fossil fuels • free speech • free trade • gender gap • glass ceiling • greenhouse gases • guinea pigs • gun control • hijacking • human rights • eating disorders policy • intercourse • ISPs • IVF immigration iustice system • labour • multiculturalism • NASA • natural disasters • NGOs • nuclear • nuclear deterrent • oil slicks • on parole • outsourcing • overfishing • ozone layer • PC • pension system • philanthropy • physics • pidgin food scares • prevention • racial profiling • recycling • renewables • RP • salad bowl • same-sex marriage • second-hand smoking • serial killers • slump • social divide • social networks sex industry • Spanglish **epidemics** • standard English • STDs • stem-cell suffragettes • suicide research • health care bombers • surrogacy • surveillance • technophobia • teenage violence • truancy • United Nations • uprisings • video games • waste disposal • welfare state • WMDs • working poor • WTO

a disease [dɪˈziːz], an illness

to catch a disease to suffer from a disease to die of, to die from cancer to eradicate a disease lung / breast / skin cancer

carcinogenic [ˌkɑːsɪnəˈdʒenɪk] Severe Acute Respiratory

Syndrome (SARS) [saxs]

a sexually-transmitted disease (STD)

une maladie

attraper une maladie souffrir d'une maladie mourir du cancer éradiquer une maladie cancer du poumon / du sein /

de la peau cancérigène

syndrome respiratoire aigu sévère

(SRAS)

une maladie sexuellement transmissible (MST)

The World Health Organization (WHO [,d\lambda\bluz ert \int '\rightarrow]) is a specialized agency of the United Nations that coordinates international efforts to control outbreaks of infectious disease, such as SARS, malaria, Tuberculosis (TB), swine flu, and AIDS. It supports the development and distribution of safe and effective vaccines and drugs. For instance, after over two decades of fighting smallpox (variole), the disease was eradicated in 1980 — the first disease in history to be eliminated by human effort. In addition, the WHO carries out various health-related campaigns — for example, to boost (encourager) the consumption of fruits and vegetables worldwide and to discourage tobacco use.

a virus (pl: viruses) ['vaɪərəs, 'vaɪərəsız] un virus

bacteria [bæk'tɪərɪə] des bactéries

a germ [dʒɜːm] un microbe, un germe contagious [kən'teɪdʒəs], catching, contagieux, infectieux

infectious to contaminate

to go down with the flu

to be infected with a virus, by a virus

to carry a virus a symptom to cough [kpf]

to have a temperature ['temprat [ar]

to have a fever, to run a fever

contaminer

attraper la grippe

être contaminé par un virus

être porteur d'un virus

un symptôme

tousser

avoir de la température

avoir de la fièvre

The French verb "guérir" is not always translated by the same English verb. For instance, you say that a doctor cures a patient or that a a disease can be cured (e.g. In the Middle Ages they did not know how to cure diabetes). But a patient gets better or recovers. Eventually he will be cured — hopefully. On the other hand a wound (une blessure) will heal after a while.

an epidemic [epi'demik] to check an epidemic a pandemic to break out to spread

une épidemie enrayer une épidémie une pandémie éclater, se déclarer se propager

the spread of a virus to affect a country the scope, extent flu [flu:], influenza [,ɪnflu'enzə] swine flu / bird flu la propagation d'un virus affecter, toucher un pays l'ampleur, l'étendue la grippe la grippe porcine / la grippe aviaire

Contagion is a thriller directed by Steven Soderbergh (2011). It documents the spread of a deadly virus which brings about mass panic and the collapse of social order. Attempts by researchers and public health officials to contain the epidemic lead to the development (*mise au point*) of a vaccine. The film, which was inspired by the 2003 SARS epidemic and the 2009 flu pandemic, explores the various aspects of the tragedy using several interacting plot lines. It has been praised by scientists for its accurate description of medical and scientific practices.

AIDS, acquired immune deficiency syndrome to develop AIDS an AIDS sufferer, an AIDS patient HIV-positive [,eɪtʃaɪ'viː] a screening test to screen sb for AIDS

to have unprotected sex a needle antiretroviral drugs SIDA, syndrome d'immunodéficience acquise contracter le SIDA un malade du SIDA séropositif un test de dépistage faire passer un test de dépistage du SIDA à qn avoir des rapports non protégés une aiguille anti-rétroviraux

South Africa has witnessed an "unparalleled" five-year increase in life expectancy since 2005 thanks to the world's biggest programme of HIV/ Aids drug treatment. The trend marks a spectacular reversal from when former president Thabo Mbeki was branded (était catalogué) an "Aids denialist" whose dogma was blamed for 330,000 deaths. Professor Salim Abdool Karim, president of the South African Medical Research Council, said the rise in life expectancy — from 54 years in 2005 to 60 in 2011 — was of the order usually only seen after a major societal shift (mutation), such as the abolition of slavery. In this case, the catalyst was the industrial scale distribution of antiretroviral (ARV) drugs by the public health sector, greatly reducing deaths among people in their 30s. In 2005, under Mbeki and health minister Manto Tshabalala-Msimang — who promoted a "treatment" of beets (betterave) and garlic (ail) — only 133,000 patients were on ARVs. Now the total stands at 1.9m, the biggest programme on the planet.

The Guardian, Monday 3 December 2012

medical treatment

health care

the health system

un traitement médical les soins médicaux OU les services de santé

le système de santé

to prescribe prescrire a prescription une ordonnance a general practitioner, a GP [dʒiɪ'piɪ] un médecin généraliste a surgeon ['saidaən] un chirurgien to have surgery, have an operation se faire opérer to diagnose ['daIagnaUz] diagnostiquer a diagnosis [,darəg'nəusıs] un diagnostic to cure a patient guérir un patient a remedy, a cure un remède to recover se rétablir, quérir

recovery guérison, rétablissement



Medicare is a US social insurance program providing coverage to people who are over 65 while **Medicaid** does the same for low-income families.

a drug, a medicineun médicamenta painkillerun antalgique, analgésiquea side effectun effet secondairean injection, a shotune piqûre

an injection, a snot une piqure a vaccine ['væksiːn] un vaccin to vaccinate vacciner

a vaccination campaign une campagne de vaccination



The **Food and Drug Administration** (FDA) is a US federal agency that was created in 1906 to protect and promote public health.

One of the obvious and measurable effects of noise pollution is hearing loss. However, a more difficult to measure, but increasingly significant, health hazard is the stress and agitation that may occur from exposure to loud noise. Persistent noise can increase stress levels, which in turn, can result in high blood pressure (hypertension), an important health concern. Known as the "silent killer" because there are few obvious symptoms, it can result in serious health problems requiring medical assessment and intervention. Sleep disruption (troubles du sommeil) is another common effect of loud and/or persistent noise...The social consequences include poor familial and social relationships, and poor work performance.

food scare alerte à l'intoxication alimentaire health scare péril sanitaire, alerte aux risques

sanitaires

bovine spongiform encephalopathy, BSE ESB, encéphalopathie bovine

spongiforme

mad cow disease la maladie de la vache folle

dioxin [daɪ'ɒksɪn]dioxinetraceabilityla traçabilité

Neurodegenerative diseases, such as Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's disease and Huntington's disease, result from the progressive damage or death of neurons, which are the building blocks of the nervous system. They cause problems with movement or mental functioning —called dementias— and are incurable.

eating patterns, eating habits les habitudes alimentaires

food la nourriture

foodstuffs denrées alimentaires, aliments

to cook cuisiner vegetables légumes fruit fruits

green vegetables, greens légumes verts

The **National Health Service** (NHS) is the British equivalent of the French Sécurité sociale. It was set up in 1945 and constitutes the mainstay (*principal pilier*) of the welfare state.



The world's **infant mortality rate** has been reduced from 13.4 % in 1970 to about 8.8% in 1990 and 3.1% in 2016.

weightle poidsto weigh [wei] oneselfse peser

to put on weight prendre du poids

to be overweight être trop gros, en surpoids

fat gros, gras
obese [əʊ'biːs] obèse
bulimia [bə'lɪmɪə] la boulimie

binge eating les excès de nourriture

anorexia [ænəˈreksɪə] l'anorexie

to be underweight être trop maigre, ne pas peser assez

thin maigre slim mince

A **binge** is an informal word that is used to refer to a short period when you do too much of something, in particular eating or drinking but also shopping. Thus you may **binge on** chocolate, for instance, but you can also **go on a shopping binge**.

a fast food restaurant un fast food to eat junk food manger des

to eat junk food manger des cochonneries
processed foods des aliments préparés
fatty foods aliments riches en graisses
sodas, fizzy drinks boissons gazeuses
a chocolate bar une barre chocolatée

a diet

to go on / be on a diet ['daɪət] balanced / unbalanced diet

diet foods / health foods

organic food vegetarian [vedzi'tɛərɪən] un régime
commencer / faire un régime
une alimentation équilibrée /
mal équilibrée
aliments basses calories /
aliments diététiques
nourriture biologique, aliments bio
végétarien

It is no longer just the inhabitants of the rich world whose waistlines (tour de taille) are spreading dangerously. Though 40% of its 50m people live off less than \$2 a day, South Africa has become one of the world's fattest countries. A study by London's Imperial College found as many as three-quarters of South African women to be overweight, up from 57% in 1980; it classified 43% as obese, up from 24% in 1980. Men are only a shade trimmer (plus mince), with 62% reckoned overweight. As in the richer world, South Africa's accumulating kilos are the result of rapid urbanisation, less physically demanding work, the spread of television, and a shift in diet from home-cooking to processed foods rich in fats and sugar. The country's fast-food industry is booming. But whereas most Westerners seek to be thin, many black Africans still admire bulk (corpulence) in men and big contours in women.

The Economist, 17th December 2011

LANGUAGE PRACTICE

1.	Find the appro	opriate suffix.			
	un chirurgien	a surgeon	surg	chirurgie	
	contagion	contagion	contagi	contagieux	
	cancer	cancer	carcino	cancérigène	
	se rétablir	to recover	recov	guérison	
	retrouver	to trace	trace	_ traçabilité	
2.	Find the word	s corresponding to	the following abb	reviations.	
	The NHS is the N				
	The WHO is the W H				
	STDs are s	t	d		
	A GP is a g	p			
	AIDS means A	I	D	S	
3.	Associate the following words so as to form compound nouns and translate them: binge / breast / foods / screening / drinking/ fatty / test / vaccination / cancer / campaign				
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
4.	Find the appro	opriate prepositions	or adverbial par	ticles.	
	Adrian's lost two kilos since he went a diet last month.				
	My wife came with the flu twice last winter.				
	His grandfather suffers Alzheimer's or Parkinson's disease, can't remember which.				
	Vince has put a lot of weight since he got married.				
	In my compan	y, new employees ar	e always screened	AIDS.	

5. Translate into French

	Anorexia is estimated to affect 1% of adolescent girls.
	My uncle, a heavy smoker, was diagnosed with lung cancer last year.
	Ivor will have to be operated on if his heath doesn't improve.
	Sophie's husband is at least ten kilos overweight.
	Some young people don't realize how dangerous unprotected sex is.
6.	Translate into English
	Les soins médicaux représentent une part énorme de notre budget.
	Les soins médicaux représentent une part énorme de notre budget. L'épidémie s'est déclarée il y a trois jours et se propage rapidement.
	L'épidémie s'est déclarée il y a trois jours et se propage rapidement.
	L'épidémie s'est déclarée il y a trois jours et se propage rapidement. Il faudra changer tes habitudes alimentaires si tu veux perdre du poids. On ne sert pas d'aliments diététiques dans les fast foods.



Is medical tourism unethical?

A healthy mind in a healthy body. Discuss.

Do you think students should be allowed or even encouraged to use brainpower-enhancing drugs?